### BRAMPTON MINOR BASEBALL INC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Brampton Minor Baseball Inc:

### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Brampton Minor Baseball Inc (the Entity), which comprise the statement of financial position as at September 30, 2023, and the statement of changes in net assets, statements of receipts and disbursements and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Brampton Minor Baseball Inc as at September 30, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

### Basis for Qualified Opinion

Brampton Minor Baseball Inc's investment in Ontario Baseball Academy, a controlled entity accounted for by the equity method, is carried at \$130 on the statement of financial position as at September 30, 2023. We are unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the carrying amount of Brampton Minor Baseball Inc's investment in Ontario Baseball Academy as at September 30, 2023 and the financial summary disclosures of Ontario Baseball Academy's operations for the year then ended because the financial statements of Ontario Baseball Academy are unaudited. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to these amounts were necessary. This caused us to qualify our opinion on the financial statements as at and for the year ended September 30, 2022.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.



### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT - continued**

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
  of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
  events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

**ALLWORTH & ASSOCIATES** 

allworth + associates

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS
LICENSED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2023** 

	ASSETS		<u>2023</u>		2022
Current Cash Term deposits - note 2 Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Advances to related party - note 4		\$	82,614 313,129 2,438 15,821 247,012 661,014	\$	80,258 302,903 3,508 1,816 232,011 620,496
Investment in Ontario Baseball Academy - not	e 7		130		130
Property and equipment - note 3		_	1,853	_	2,329
		\$	662,997	\$	622,955
	LIABILITIES				
Current Accounts payable - note 5 CEBA loan payable - note 6 Deferred revenue		\$	54,057 40,000 585 94,642	\$	30,012 - 19,231 49,243
CEBA loan payable - note 6		_	-		40,000
			94,642		89,243
	NET ASSETS				
Internally restricted net assets Unrestricted net assets		\$ 	83,461 484,894 568,355	\$ 	65,839 467,873 533,712
		\$	662,997	\$	622,955
Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors:					

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors:

\_\_ Director

### BRAMPTON MINOR BASEBALL INC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Internally Restricted	<u>L</u>	<u>Jnrestricted</u>		<u>2023</u>		2022
Net assets - beginning	\$	65,839	\$	467,873	\$	533,712	\$	487,379
Excess of receipts over disbursements	_	17,622	_	17,021	_	34,643	_	46,333
Net assets	\$_	83,461	\$_	484,894	\$_	568,355	\$_	533,712

### **OPERATING FUND**

### STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		2023	2022
Revenue			
Recreational league	\$	174,822	\$ 144,895
Rep team		164,985	133,820
Select league		45,960	38,550
Tournament		79,328	73,468
Sponsorship		36,750	37,825
Gym rental and try out fees		29,996	24,392
Other		1,159	5,215
Store-shed and equipment sales		9,739	3,474
Interest		12,508	3,164
Registration discount	_	(1,665)	(1,470)
		553,582	463,333
Expenses			
Advertising and promotion		2,287	184
Amortization		476	612
Bank charges		13,972	12,411
Clinics - development		766	1,594
Coaches umpire certification		1,553	1,974
Diamond and facility rentals		109,192	104,347
Equipment		29,197	9,106
Facility occupancy		16,938	14,295
Fees and charges		5,350	5,000
Foreign exchange (gain) loss		174	(166)
General and administration		10,687	12,503
Insurance		8,844	3,112
Office		797	722
Payroll		57,286	52,697
Pictures		3,999	2,742
Telephone		2,703	2,453
Tournaments		3,255	7,597
Trophies		9,071	7,974
Umpire		103,351	91,715
Uniforms		156,663	 102,595
	_	536,561	 433,467
Excess of receipts over disbursements	\$	17,021	\$ 29,866

## INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FUNDS

# STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Dave Dash	Da	sh			ပိ	College Placement	acemen	_	Challenger	nger			
		Tournament 202	am,	ent 2022	Rep Nati 2023	Rep National Fund 2023 2022		Fund 2023	1d 2022		Baseball Fund 2023 2022	Il Fund 2022	Te 2023	Total 2022	
Receipts (refunds)	' <del>€</del>	~	. <del>.</del>	16 800	4 13 880	\$ 16 800 \$ 13 880 \$ 13 920 \$	4	3 000		ll <i>&amp;</i>	cc	2 250	\$ 2.250 \$ 31.110 \$ 35.070	\$ 25 070	
		3	<b>→</b>	5	) ) )	20,00	€	,	0,0		- - - - - -	2,230		0 6,00	
Tournament costs Scholarships		8,469	•	13,629	•	•		3,000	3,000			1	8,469	13,629 3,000	
Fees	ŀ		ı	•	•		ı				2,028	2,874	2,028	2.874	
Total disbursements	1	8,469	<b>,</b> ]	13,629	-		ı	3,000	3,000	1	2,028	2,874	13,497	19,503	
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over															
disbursements		1,314		3,171	13,880	13,920		1	•		2,428	(624)	17,622	16,467	
Opening fund balance	ı	3,171	ı		51,561	37,641	ı			<del>-</del>	11,107	11,731	65,839	49,372	
Closing fund balance \$ 4,485 \$ 3,171	S	4,485	S		\$ 65,441	\$ 51,561	⇔ <sub>II</sub>			8	3,535	\$ 11,107	\$ <u>13,535</u> \$ <u>11,107</u> \$ <u>83,461</u> \$ <u>65,839</u>	\$ 65,839	

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		2023		<u>2022</u>
Cash from operating activities:				
Excess of receipts over disbursements	\$	34,643	\$	46,333
Adjustments for items not requiring an outlay of cash: Amortization	_	476 35,119	_	612 46,945
Changes in non-cash working capital balances: Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	_	1,070 (14,005) 24,045 (18,646) (7,536)		9,129 4,717 (8,609) 14,181 19,418
Net cash generated through operating activities		27,583		66,363
Investing activities:				
(Increase) in term deposits (Advances to) controlled company Repayments from controlled company		(10,226) (77,654) 62,653		(96,014) - 5,000
Net cash (used) in investing activities	_	(25,227)	_	(91,014)
Net increase (decrease) in cash		2,356		(24,651)
Cash - beginning		80,258		104,909
Cash	\$	82,614	\$	80,258

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

The purpose of the organization is to provide the opportunity for youth to participate in amateur baseball, within the geographical boundaries stipulated herein, to develop and encourage good sportsmanship and fellowship between all participants for the betterment of their physical, mental and social well being and to sponsor and promote such athletic, social and other activities as may contribute to the moral and financial welfare of the organization.

Brampton Minor Baseball Inc was incorporated on November 26, 1985. For Canadian income tax purposes the Corporation qualifies as a not-for-profit organization which is exempt from income tax under the Income Tax Act.

### 1. Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNFPO) and include the following significant accounting policies:

### Accrual basis of accounting

Revenues and expenses are recorded on the accrual basis, whereby they are reflected in the accounts in the period in which they have been earned and incurred respectively, whether or not such transactions are settled by the receipt or payment of money.

### Fund accounting

The organization uses the deferral method of accounting and reports on a fund accounting basis. The funds maintained are as follows:

- (i) Unrestricted fund includes results of day-to-day operating transactions and all unrestricted contributions;
- (ii) Internally restricted funds includes revenues and expenses internally restricted by the Board of Directors to fund various projects

### Property and equipment

Property and equipment is recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. The Organization provides for amortization using methods and rates designed to amortize the cost of the property and equipment over their estimated useful lives. The annual amortization rates and methods are as follows:

Computer equipment Equipment and fixtures

- 55% declining balance

- 20% declining balance

In the year of acquisition of an asset, amortization is calculated at 50% of the normal rate.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

### Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### **Investment in Ontario Baseball Academy**

The investment in Ontario Baseball Academy is recorded using the equity method.

### Revenue recognition

The organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted revenues are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted revenues are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can reasonably be estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Registration, tournament, and sponsorship fees are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year to which they relate. Store-shed and equipment sales are recognized when the product has been delivered to the customer. Gym rental and try out fees and and other income is recognized as revenue when the related services have been provided. Interest on investments is accrued as earned. Government subsidies are recognized as revenue when the related expenses are incurred, there is reasonable assurance that the subsidies will be received, and the entity is in compliance with all other conditions attached to the subsidies.

### Foreign currency transactions

The organization uses the temporal method to translate transactions that are denominated in a foreign currency. The organization has expenses that are settled in U.S. dollars. Expenses are translated to Canadian dollar equivalents at exchange rates prevailing when the transactions occur. Monetary assets and liabilities are translated at current rates as at the balance sheet date. Other assets and liabilities are translated at exchange rates prevailing when the transaction occurs.

### Contributed materials and services

Volunteers contribute time each year to assist the organization in carrying out its service delivery activities. Because of the difficulty in determining fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements. Contributed materials are not recognized in the financial statements.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

### Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### **Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNFPO) requires that management make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and the disclosures in the notes. By their nature, these estimates are subject to measurement uncertainty and the effect on the financial statements of changes in such estimates in future periods could be significant.

The valuation of accounts receivable is based on management's best estimate of the provision for bad debts. The valuation of property and equipment is based on management's best estimates of the future recoverability of these assets and the determination of costs subject to classification as property and equipment. The amounts recorded for amortization of the property and equipment are based on management's best estimates of the remaining useful lives and period of future benefit of the related assets.

### Financial instruments

The organization initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. The initiation of financial instruments with related parties is measured at the exchange amount agreed to between the two parties. The organization subsequently measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, term deposits, accounts receivable and advances to related party. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and CEBA loan payable.

### 2. Term deposits

	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Interest Rate		Cost
TD Special Offer GIC TD Special Offer GIC TD Special Offer GIC	October 8, 2023 December 20, 2023 August 5, 2024	4.00% 4.00% 4.50%	\$	103,587 104,007 102,804 310,398
Accrued interest earned to date			_	2,731
Carrying value of investments a	at September 30, 2023		\$_	313,129

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

### 3. Property and equipment

		Cost	 umulated preciation		<u>2023</u>	2022
Computer equipment	\$	1,007	\$ 993	\$	14	\$ 30
Equipment and fixtures	_	6,468	 <u>4,629</u>	_	1,839	 2,299
	\$_	7,475	\$ 5,622	\$	1,853	\$ 2,329

### 4. Advances to related party

The organization has advanced funds to Ontario Baseball Academy. The advances are unsecured, non-interest bearing, and due on demand.

### 5. Accounts payable

		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	\$	52,313	\$	28,738
Government remittances	_	1,744	_	1,274
	\$	54,057	\$_	30,012

### 6. CEBA loan payable

The organization applied for and received \$60,000 related to the Canada Emergency Business Account (CEBA) loan. CEBA is an interest-free loan launched by the Government of Canada to ensure that businesses have access to capital during the Covid-19 pandemic and can only be used to pay non-deferrable operating expenses. Repaying the balance of the loan on or before January 18, 2024 will result in loan forgiveness of 25% of the initial \$40,000 loan and 50% of the \$20,000 loan expansion (up to a total forgiveness of \$20,000). If the loan is not repaid, it will automatically convert to a 2-year term loan at 5% annual interest paid monthly effective January 19, 2024.

### 7. Controlled entity and related party

Brampton Minor Baseball Inc controls Ontario Baseball Academy which operates under the name Upper Deck Baseball Academy. Ontario Baseball Academy is a for-profit corporation under the Income Tax Act. Ontario Baseball Academy provides an indoor baseball facility for those in Brampton and the surrounding area to allow for a safe and fun environment to enjoy baseball throughout the year. In addition, Ontario Baseball Academy sells merchandise including uniforms and equipment to participants in Brampton Minor Baseball Inc leagues. Brampton Minor Baseball Inc owns 100% of the share capital in Ontario Baseball Academy.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

Ontario Baseball Academy (unaudited)

### Controlled entity and related party (continued)

Cash flows (unaudited)
Cash from operating activities

Net (decrease) in cash

Cash from investing activities

Cash from financing activities

Ontario Baseball Academy has not been consolidated in these financial statements. The following represents summary information from the subsidiary's unaudited financial statements as at September 30, 2023 and 2022 and for the years then ended:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Balance Sheet (unaudited) Total assets Total liabilities Total equity	\$ 134,378 315,424 \$ (181,046	271,075
Income Statement (unaudited) Total revenues Total expenses Net (loss)	\$ 384,907 437,614 \$ (52,707	370,434

Total revenue for Brampton Minor Baseball Inc include the following amounts paid by Ontario Baseball Academy, a related party:

(37,924)

4,931

15.000

(17,993)

(14,943)

(10,000)

(19,434)

5,509

Store-shed and equipment sales \$6,498

Total expenses of Brampton Minor Baseball Inc include the following amounts paid to Ontario Baseball Academy, a related party:

Uniforms	\$85,602
Clinics - development	\$7,910
Coaches umpire certification	\$4,204

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

The net loss from Ontario Baseball Academy (the investee) was not recorded on the books of Brampton Minor Baseball Inc (the investor) because the investor has not guaranteed the obligations of the investee, the investor has not committed to provide further support and the investee is not assured of imminently returning to profitability.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

### 8. Contractual obligations

The organization has entered into a contract for the lease of its premises. The future minimum payments required under this contract are \$14,329 for 2023-24 and \$8,049 for 2024-25. The lease matures April 30, 2025.

### 9. Financial instruments

The organization's financial instruments consist of cash, term deposits, accounts receivable, advances to related party, accounts payable and CEBA loan payable. The fair value of current financial assets and current financial liabilities approximates their carrying value due to their short term to maturity.

### Liquidity risk

The organization does have liquidity risk in the accounts payable and CEBA loan payable of \$94,057 (2022 - \$70,012). Liquidity risk is the risk that the organization cannot repay its obligations when they become due to its creditors. The organization reduces its exposure to liquidity risk by ensuring that it documents when authorized payments become due and by maintaining access to a sufficient cash balance to repay trade creditors. In the opinion of management, the liquidity risk exposure to the organization is low. This risk is unchanged from the prior year.

### Credit risk

The organization does have credit risk in the accounts receivable and advances to related party of \$249,450 (2022 - \$235,519). Credit risk is the risk that one party to a transaction will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The organization reduces its exposure to credit risk by following up overdue accounts on a timely basis and creating an allowance for bad debts when applicable. In the opinion of management, the credit risk exposure to the organization is low. This risk is unchanged from the prior year.

The organization also has a credit risk relating to cash and term deposits, which it manages by dealing with large chartered banks in Canada and investing in highly liquid investments. The organization's objective is to minimize its exposure to credit risk in order to prevent losses on financial assets by placing its investments in highly liquid investments that are insurable by the Canadian Investor Protection Fund (CIPF). The corporation's cash carrying value is \$82,614 (2022 - \$80,258) and term deposits carrying value is \$313,129 (2022 - \$302,903), representing the maximum exposure to credit risk of these financial assets. This risk is unchanged from the prior year.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

### Financial instruments (continued)

### **Currency risk**

The organization is exposed to currency risk in United States dollars. As at September 30, 2023, cash balances of \$489 (2022 - \$77) were converted into Canadian dollars for inclusion in the balance sheet. A currency risk is the risk that the exchange rate that was in effect on the date that an obligation in a foreign currency was made by the organization to a vendor is different at the time of settlement than it was at the time the obligation was determined. The organization reduces its exposure to the currency risk by carefully monitoring exchange rates on obligations that are made by the company and buying United States dollars the same day that the obligation was determined and paying the obligation the same day. In the opinion of management the currency risk exposure to the organization is low.

### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. All of the organization's long-term debt is non-interest bearing. Therefore, changes in market interest rates do not impact interest payments on its long-term debt and the organization is not subject to interest rate risk. This risk is unchanged from the prior year.